Mukul Amratlal Sonawala

MEMBER: NATIONAL STOCK EXCHANGE OF INDIA LTD. (CAPITAL MARKET)

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SONAWALA

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RISK MANAGEMEN TPOLICY

(Reviewed and updated upto05.02.2022)

1. OBJECTIVE:

Mukul Amratlal Sonawala (hereinafter" Proprietorship") broadly takes into consideration the regulatory requirement, Client Profile, Internal Risk Management Policy, Market Conditions etc., while settinguptheexposurelimits for and on behalf of its clients.

The Policy envisage collection of pay in, margin, limits setting for exposures & turnover for clients, terminals, branches & sub-broker level, Monitoring of Debit Balances, Periodicity of such monitoring, periodic reconciliation wherein client has expressly accepted the balance confirmation, Steps takenfor recovery of old debts, penal interest charged for long outstanding debts, Mechanism of pay-inandpay-out of funds and securities, Payment, Receipt of funds from/to clients, Policy of squareoff of positions.

2. RESPONSIBILITY:

The Compliance Officers hall be responsible for the implementation and supervision of this Policy.

The Compliance department and Risk Management department (RMS dept) shall assist and report totheComplianceOfficerona dailybasis inrespectof all RMSmatter.

The Compliance Officer shall take all necessary steps to monitor, document, analyze and report thefindingstotheBoardMembersaswellastherelevantStockExchangesand/orregulatorybodies,ina time bound manner, as detailed hereunder and/or as mandated by the Stock Exchanges and/orregulatorybodies.

The Compliance Officer shall exercise his/her independent judgment and take adequate precautionsto ensure implementation of an effective monitoring mechanism, based on the day-to-day activities of the clients, general market information and the facts and circumstances.

The Board of directors shall peruse, review and provide necessary guidance with regard to the "RiskManagementPolicy", periodically, for strengthening the processes.

3. CLIENT'SACCOUNT-ACTIVATION, MAINTENANCEETC .:

For a new client, password should be auto generated, without human intervention and should beautomatically mailed to the client from within the Surveillance system. Once a client is provided witha password, the client will be forced to change the password mandatorily after first login. If thepassword is forgotten or the client is unable to reset the same through the online portal, the requestfor password change shall be entertained only through written request or through mail from theregistered mail ID of the client. Any changes made in the client account like unlocking, changes in Client Profile, and trading segment addition shall be done only based on the request made by the client either by way of letter or E Mail from his registered e mail ID duly supported by documentproof wherever required.

For closure of the trading account, the client is required to submit a written request / send the request to "mukulsonawala@gmail.com" from the email registered with the company. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall examine the same in the lightof the compliance requirements, pending queries, security / funds dues if any from the client. The account shall be closed after the necessary approvals as above and after the notice period as decided by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" as per the termsofthe agreementandregulatory requirements fromtimetotime.

4. CLIENT'SEXPOSURELIMITS:

Exposure is permitted based on the funds / securities put on hold by the client through the portal /the dealer in the account linked to the trading account. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" also permits exposure to the clients tothe tune of value of sale proceeds of T Day under the delivery-based trading product. Unusedexposure on account of such value of sale proceeds is carried forward till T+ 2 day. Mark to Marketlossifany shall bereducedfromtheavailableexposureoftheclient.

CASHSEGMENT:

"Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" stipulates 100% margin by way of hold on funds for the value of buy orders and hold of securities to the extent of sale order for delivery trades. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" provides exposure to the extent of 99% of the funds put on hold by the client so that the remaining 1% meets the cost of trading for the client. For non-delivery (intraday) trades "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" provides exposure based on the multiple of fund puton hold (presently 5 times) for both buy and sell orders. Higher exposure for intraday trading ispermitted by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" only for the scrips on which Future & Options contract are permitted by the Exchange. For trades under BITSOT (Buy in Today & Sell out Tomorrow) no separate margins are stipulated by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" as the client has already paid the full value of share on the Trade Day itself as the facility is extended for the previous day's delivery trade. A leveraged exposure are provided to the clients at the sole discretion of Compliance officer of "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" and is subject to change based on the market conditions and client profile.

FNOSEGMENT:

Clients are required to provide Initial Margin i.e., SPAN Margin and Exposure Margin as stipulated byNSEandanadditionalmarginof20%ofSPANmarginoranyotherpercentageasdecidedbyCompliance Officer of "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" from time to time and notified in the Initial / FNO margin report available the client back-office login portal. Clients are required to provide the margins as stipulated abovefor both buy and sell of Future contracts and for Sell / Writing of Options. The premium on purchase of options is recovered upfront by way of available balance in the form of hold in FD or credit in the account maintained with "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala". However, "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" does not provide exposure to the clients against the sell trade in Cash segment on the T Day and exposure available in FNO segment to CDS segment and viceversa.

CDSSEGMENT:

Clients are required to provide Initial Margin i.e., SPAN Margin and Extreme Loss Margin as stipulatedby NSE and an additional margin of 25% of Initial margin or any other percentage as decided by the Compliance Officer of "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" from time to time and notified in the Initial / FNO margin report available in the client back-office log in portal. Clients are required to provide the margins as stipulated above

for both buy and sell of Future contracts and also for writing / selling option contracts. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" normally does not provide exposure to the clients against the sell trade in Cash segment on the TDay.

5. MAINTENANCEOFMARGINS/CASH-CLOSUREOFCLIENTS'POSITIONS:

Apart from Exchangestipulated instances and technical failures, "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala "shall not allow the client to take further positions or close the existing positions whenever there is shortage of margins. This maybeeithersecurity specific or client specific based on thecircumstances. UnderIntraday Tradingclient is not allowed to take fresh positions after 3.10 p.m. or any other time stipulated by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" from time to time. Client is required to maintain the requisite margin for the open positions under cashsegment and open / carry forward positions under FNO / CDS at all the times. The intraday trades(IDT) in the Cash segment shall be squared off without referring the clients at the cut off time(presently 3.10 p.m.) or any other time decided by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" at its discretion duly informing the clientsthrough email / publishing in the "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" website. Further, "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall monitor the client's positions through the Risk Management System (RMS) and has the following policy for squaring off the positions: 20% Cover (80% erosion in value of allocated funds under IDT) Surveillance Departmentshall monitor the erosion in the margins. Manager of RMS shall have the discretion to instruct theRMS Department to square off open position of the clients under IDT as soon as the clients MTMlosses erode 80 % of the total fund allocated for trading. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall also resort to selling the clients'securities / square off the positions when the client fails to provide the funds towards the valuation debit/auction against the BITSOT trade. In case of FNO and CDS the clientis required to maintain the margins stipulated by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" at all times. Whenever there is shortfall in the margins, client isrequiredtoreplenish the same. "_Mukul Amratlal Sonawala"shall square off the positions of the clients under FNO /CDS with further notice to the client by way of email and telephone when the shortfall is to the extent of additional marginand exposure margin required for the open positions.

All losses consequential to such square off or sale of collaterals shall be borne by the client. In case "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" is unable to square off or refrain from squaring off the position due to margin shortfall, the client shall not have a right to claim that the position was not squared off and the same has resulted in additional losses. Square off shall be at the discretion of "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" and all consequential losses and charges shall be borne by the client.

Consequent to square off of F & O / Intraday positions, if any amount is due from the client on account of loss/ brokerage/ exchange penalties/ statutory charges, the same is to be recovered from client by close follow up by way of E Mails, telephonic reminders and letters to the registered address of the client. If the client is not cooperating for payment of dues, then the Trading account of the client shall be put on hold and only sale of shares shall be permitted which would help in recovering the amount due to "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala". In case of continued non-cooperation of their recovery measures as deemed fit by the Company shall be initiated.

6. ORDERSFORBUYING/SELLINGOFPENNYSTOCKS:

Generally, Penny stockshave allorany of the following characteristics:

- Tradingat apricewhichislessthanthe Facevalueof the share.
- SmallMarketCapitalization.
- Poor/ Unsoundfundamentals.
- Low liquidity.

Though the "Penny Stocks" have been not defined, RMS shall treat such stocks as penny stocks which qualify to be classified so based on the above criteria stipulated by "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" and monitor trading inpenny scrip. On analyzing the trends, RMS team shall place a note to the compliance officer to treatparticular scrip as penny scrip in tune with the policy. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" may at its discretion categorize any stockas penny stock as per its Policy and risk perception. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" has adopted the following Policy on the Pennystocks:

"Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall have the absolute discretion to restrict its clients from placing buy or sell orders in Penny /illiquid stocks in spite of client providing adequate hold of funds, Margin / balance in his / her / itsaccount. To this end "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala", may at its discretion accept and /or refuse any buy or sell order for penny /illiquidstocksfromclientsover phone.

"Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" at its sole discretion, introduce online blocks to restrict clients from order placement in suchpenny / illiquid stocks through the online trading portal. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" may seek declarations from the clientsbefore accepting such orders. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala may place such restrictions at the beginning or in between themarket hours notwithstanding the client has / had previously purchased and / or sold such scrip /contracts through "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" itself in the past. Further, client while placing buy or sell order for pennystocks /illiquidstocks shallnot specify theprice whichis substantially differentfrom the thenexisting market price. Client must ensure that placing of such orders doesn't result in creation of artificial bid/offer/volume or misleading or false appearance of trading. Client shall also ensure that their trading in penny stocks doesn't operate as advice to inflate order presser cause fluctuations in the price of such stocks.

"Mukul Amratlal Sonawala may at its discretion, restrict intraday trading in such illiquid / penny stocks. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" does not makeavailable far month future / option contracts for trading in FNO / CDS segment of NSE. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shallprovide intraday trading only in scrips which are in FNO segment of NSE. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" at its sole discretionmay restrict order placement in any other contracts or scrip which are extremely volatile and / orsubjecttomarketmanipulations.

"Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" at its discretion may cancel the pending orders in full or pending portion of the partly executedorders placed by the clients / dealers in respect of such illiquid / penny stocks. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall not be esponsible for any opportunity loss or financial loss to the client consequent to non-acceptance or cancellation of the pending orders. Further, the client shall indemnify "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" for any loss caused / may cause to "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" on account of client's trading in penny / illiquid stocks.

7. TRADERESTRICTIONSONSCRIPSCOMINGUNDERGSMFRAMEWORK

In order to enhance market integrity and safeguard interest of investors, Securities and ExchangeBoard of India (SEBI) and Exchanges, have been introducing various enhanced surveillance measures. In spirit of the above measures, the exchanges have introduced GSM, Graded Surveillance Measures (BSE Notice No 20170223-44 Dated 23 Feb 2017, NSE Ref No. NSE/SURV/34262 Dated 23 Feb 2017) and S + Framework (BSENoticeNumber20170607-24, Dated07-06-2017). According to the exchange circulars, the price rise of GSM and S+ framework scrips are not commensurate with financial health and fundamentals of the company which inter-alia includes factors like Earnings, Bookvalue, Fixed assets, Networth, P/Emultiple, etc.

The underlying principle behind defining various stages under GSM framework is to alert the marketparticipants that they need to be extra cautious and diligent while dealing in such securities as theneed has been felt to place them under higher level of surveillance. At present, 6 stages are definedunder GSM framework viz. From Stage I to Stage VI. Surveillance action has been defined for eachstage. Once the security goes into a particular stage, it shall attract the corresponding surveillanceaction. These curity shall be placed in a particular stage by the Exchange based on monitoring of price movement and predefined objective criteria.

GSMstagewiseSurveillanceactionsasperexchange guidelinesarelistedbelow:

Stage	Surveillance Actions
1	TransfertoTrade forTradewithprice bandof5%orlowerasapplicable.
II	TradeforTradewithpricebandof5%orlowerasapplicableandAdditionalSurveillanceDeposit (ASD) of 100% of tradevalue to be collected from Buyer.
111 .	Tradingpermittedonceaweek(EveryMonday)andASDof100%oftradevaluetobedepositedbythe buyer.
IV	Tradingpermittedonceaweek(EveryMonday)withASDof200%oftradevaluetobedeposited bythe buyer.
V	Tradingpermittedonceamonth(FirstMondayofthemonth)withASDof200%oftradevalueto bedepositedby thebuyer.
VI	Tradingpermittedonceamonth(FirstMondayofthemonth)withnoupwardmovement in price of the security with ASD of 200% of trade value to be deposited bythe buyer.

Thecriteriaforshortlisting&reviewofsecuritiesunderGSMFrameworkaresubjecttochangesfromtimetoti me." Mukul Amratlal Sonawala"shallintimateitsClientsvideCircularsandupdationontheWebsiteregarding such changes. Clients are advised to follow the same to keep them updated on the GSMFramework.

8. ADDITIONALSURVEILLANCEMEASURE(ASM)

SecuritiesandExchangeBoardofIndia(SEBI)andExchangesinordertoenhancemarketintegrityandsafegua rdinterestofinvestors,havebeenintroducingvariousenhancedpre-emptivesurveillance measures such Page5of13

as reduction in price band, periodic call auction and transfer of securities to Trade-to-Trad

In continuation to various surveillance measures already implemented, SEBI and Exchanges, pursuant to discussions in their joint surveillance meetings, have decided that along with the aforesaid measures there shall be Additional Surveillance Measures (ASM) on securities with surveillance concerns viz. Price variation, Volatility etc.

Accordingly, review for identification of securities for placing in ASM Framework has been carried out by the Exchanges .The surveillance action applicable for the short listed securities is as under:

- a) Securities shallbeplacedinPriceBandof5%
- b) Marginsshallbe leviedattherateof100%

The shortlisted securities are monitored on pre-determined objective criteria and would be movedinto Trade for Trade segment once the criteria get satisfied. Market participants may note that ASMframework shall be in conjunction with all other prevailing surveillance measures being imposed bytheExchangesfromtimetotime.

Inviewoftheabovewehaveincorporatedtradingdoneinsuchscripsinthetrading software

- 1. The records so generated are compared visa vis. exchange volumes, repeated days oftrading, pricevolatility in the scrip.
- 2. Additionally, the financials of the company are also analyzed to ascertain whether thetradingvolumes and price movements are justified.
- 3. In case any trading is found to be abnormal, initial alerts are sent to the branches. Ifrepeated, after proper verification and analysis the scrip may also is blocked from furthertrading.

In case of any further regulatory developments, the same would be implemented in spirt and accordingly deemed to be part of this policy.

It may be noted that the short listing of securities under ASM is purely on account of market surveillance and it should not be construed as an adverse action against the concerned company and the short listing of the

The criteria for shortlisting & review of securities under ASM Framework are subject to changes fromtime to time. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" shall intimate its Clients vide Circulars and updation on the Website of "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" regarding such changes. Clients are advised to follow the same to keep them updated on the ASMFramework.

9. ADDITIONALMARGINS (CASH MARKET SEGMENT & EQUITY DERIVATIVES SEGMENT):

In view of the volatility observed in the market it is proposed by the Exchanges to levy additionalmarginsin respectofspecifiedsecurities.

- 1) Additional margins shall be levied in Capital Market Segment on F&O securities where:
- i. Intra-day pricemovement ofmorethan 20%
- ii. Closeto close pricemovementis lessthan20%,
- iii. Intra-daypricemovementshallbecomputedaschangefromprevious day closetohigh/lowpriceof daywhicheveris higher
- iv. Anadditionalmarginof50% of the intraday price movement above 20% shall be levied as additional margin

- $v.\ Additional margin \% shall be added to total margin \% (VAR+ELM). (Details shall be included in the daily VAR file provided on the website)$
- vi. Additional margins levied shall be continued for 15 calendardays, provided no further intraday volatility is observed.
- vii. Additional margins levied shall be reviewed periodically.
- 2) Additional margins shall be levied in Equity Derivatives Segment where:
- i. Intra-day pricemovement ofmorethan 20%
- ii. Closeto close pricemovementis lessthan20%,
- iii. Intra-daypricemovementshallbecomputed aschangefrompreviousday closetohigh/lowpriceof daywhicheveris higher
- iv. Anadditionalmarginof50%oftheintra-
- daypricemovementabove 20% shall be levied as additional margin
- v. Additionalmarginsshallbespecifiedasapercentageandaddedtotheexistingexposuremarginsofthesec urity. (Details shallbe included inthedailyexposurefile providedonthewebsite)
- $vi.\ Additional margins levied shall be continued for 15 calendard ays, provided no further intraday volatility is observed.\\$
- vii. Additionalmarginsleviedshallbereviewedperiodically

Pursuanttotheabove, it has been decided to levy additional margins a sunder:

- i. Extremescenarioof20%marketfalland17.74%marketriseshallbemodelledonallclientlevelportfoliosan dgrossclientlevellossesshallbe computed atendof day.
- ii. Netclientlevellossesafterconsidering applicable margins and hedged positions, if any based on the holdings provided by depositories, shall be computed.
- iii. In respect of clients having net loss of Rs. 25 crores and more, 50% of the loss in excess of Rs. 25 crores shall be levied as Additional Margins.
- iv. AdditionalMarginsshallbeblockedfrom the collateralsofclearingmemberonT+1daybasis

Theaboveframeworkshallbeinconjunctionwiththeprevailingsurveillancemeasuresbeingimposed by Exchange/Clearing Corporation. "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" may collect the above-mentioned margins fromtheir clients.

- In the joint meeting between, SEBI, Exchanges and Clearing Corporations the levy of additionalmarginsin CapitalMarketSegment asmentionedinaboveshallbemodified as under:
- i. Additionalmarginsshallbe leviedinrespectofsecuritieswherederivative contracts are available
- ii.Securities with Intra-day (High-Low) price movement of more than 10% for 3 or more days in lastonemonth shall beidentified.
- iii. In respect of securities identified the minimum total margins (VAR, Extreme Loss Margin and Additional margin) shall be equal to the maximum intraday price movement of the security observed in last one month.
- iv. The above mentioned minimum total margins shall be continued till expiry date of derivativecontracts which falls after completion of three months from date of levy.
 - v. Additionalmarginsleviedshallbereviewedperiodically
 - In the joint meeting between, SEBI, Exchanges and Clearing Corporations the levy of additionalmarginsinEquityDerivativeMarketSegmentasmentioned in above shallbemodifiedasunder:
 - i. Securities with Intra-day (High -Low) price movement of more than 10% in the underlying marketfor3 ormoredaysin lastonemonth shall be identified.

ii. In respect of securities identified the minimum total margins (SPAN margins, Exposure Margin andAdditional margin) shall be equal to the maximum intraday price movement of the security observedinunderlyingmarketin lastonemonth.

iii. The abovementioned minimum total margins shall be continued till expiry date of derivative contracts which falls after completion of three months from date of levy. iv. Additional margins levied shall be reviewed periodically

10. EXPOSUREMARGINOFSECURITYUNDERMARKETWIDEPOSITIONLIMITS(MWPL)

In the joint meeting of Exchanges, Clearing Corporations and SEBI it has been decided on 23.01.2018that markets should be alerted at different levels of MWPL utilization so that investors can take aninformeddecisiononwhethertoholdorsquareofftheirexistingpositionswellbeforeregulatory /Surveillanceactionssetsin.

Combined MWPL utilization at End of DayacrossExchanges	ApplicableExposuremarginofthesecurity
60%	NoadditionalMargins
70% to lessthan75%	To beincreased by50% of the normal applicable Exposuremargin from next trading day
75% to lessthan80%	To beincreased by100%ofthenormalapplicable Exposuremarginfrom nexttradingday
80% to lessthan85%	To beincreased by150%ofthenormalapplicable Exposuremarginfrom nexttradingday
85% to lessthan90%	To beincreased by200%ofthenormalapplicable Exposuremarginfrom nexttradingday
90% to lessthan95%	To beincreased by300%ofthenormalapplicable Exposuremarginfrom nexttradingday

Alert shall be provided once the open interest in a security exceeds each level of MWPL limit asmentioned above. The change in exposure margin shall be applicable from the next trading day and shall be applicable till the open interest in the security reduces to below 70% of MWPL at end of theday.

ThemechanismenshrinedinfirstparagraphwasreviewedinajointmeetingbetweenExchanges/ClearingC orporationsandSEBIandithasbeendecidedthat,inEquityderivativessegment, additional exposure margins shall be levied on those scrip's wherein the top 10 clients areaccounting for more than 20% of MWPL. The scrips shall be identified under this framework basedon 3 months rolling data and reviewed on monthly basis. The applicable additional exposure marginon the identified scrip shall be at the rate of 15% over and above the applicable Exposure margin,includingthosebased onMWPL utilization.

In view of the principles enshrined at 19.3, the Exchange shall w.e.f. 14.09.2018 discontinue levyingtheadditionalexposuremarginonsecurityunderMWPL.

However, the Exchange/Clearing Corporations hall if required, imposes tringent additional surveillance margins, as deemed necessary; in cases where open interest exceeds 70% MWP Lutilization or where significant client concentration is observed.

11. RISKOFHIGHERVOLATILITY:

Volatilityreferstothedynamicchangesinpricethatsecurities/F&OContracts/CurrencyDerivatives Contracts undergo when trading activity continues on the Stock Exchange. Generally, higher the volatility of a security/contract, greater is its price swings. There may be normally greatervolatilityinthinlytradedsecurities/contractsthaninactivesecurities/contracts.Asaresultofvolatili ty,ordermayonlybepartiallyexecutedornotexecutedatall,orthepriceatwhich order got executed may be substantially different from the last traded price or change substantially thereafter,resultingin notionalor reallosses.

12. RISKOFLOWERLIQUIDITY:

Liquidityreferstotheabilityofmarketparticipantstobuyand/orsellsecurities/contractsexpeditiously at a competitive price and with minimal price difference. Generally, it is assumed thatmore the numbers of orders available in a market, greater is the liquidity. Liquidity is importantbecause with greater liquidity, it is easier for investors to buy and/or sell securities / contracts swiftlyand with minimal price difference, and as a result, investors are more likely to pay or receive acompetitive price for securities/contracts purchasedorsold. The remay be arisk of lower liquidity in some securities/contracts associated with relatively greater price difference or may not be executed at all. Buying/selling without intention of giving and/or taking delivery of a security / contract, as part of a day trading strategy, may also result into losses, because in such a situation stocks may have to be sold/purchase data low / high price, compared to the expected price levels, so as not to have any obligation to deliver/receive a security.

13. RISKOFWIDERSPREADS:

Spread refers to the difference in best buy price and best sell price. It represents the differential between the price of buying a security / contract and immediately selling it or vice versa. Lowerliquidityand higher volatility may result in wider than normal spreads for less liquid or illiquid securities/contracts. This in turn will hamper better price formation.

14. RISK-REDUCINGORDERS:

Most Exchanges have a facility for investors to place "limit orders", "stop loss orders" etc." Theplacing of such orders (e.g., "stop loss" orders, or "limit" orders) which are intended to limit losses tocertain amounts may not be effective many a time because rapid movement in market conditionsmaymake it impossible toexecutesuchorders.

A "market" order will be executed promptly, subject toavailability of orders on oppositeside, without regard to price and that, while the customer may receive a prompt execution of a "market" order, the execution may be at available prices of outstanding orders, which satisfy the order quantity, on price time priority. It may be understood that these prices may be significantly different from the last traded price or the best price in that security.

A "limit" order will be executed only at the "limit" price specified for the order or a better price. However, while the customer receives price protection, there is a possibility that the order may not be executed at all.

A stop loss order is generally placed "away" from the current price of a stock / contract, and such order gets activated if and when the stock / contract reaches, or trades through, the stop price. Sells top orders are entered ordinarily below the current price, and buy stop orders are entered ordinarily above the current price. When the stock reaches the pre-determined price, or tradesthrough such price, the stop loss order converts to a market/limit order and is executed at the limitor better. There is no assurance therefore that the limit order will be executable since a stock /contract might penetrate the pre-determined price, in which case, the risk of such order not gettingexecuted arises, justaswitha regularlimitorder.

15. RISKOFNEWSANNOUNCEMENTS:

Issuers make news announcements that may impact the price of the securities / contracts. These announcements may occur during trading, and when combined with lower liquidity and higher volatility, may suddenly cause an unexpected positive or negative movement in the price of these curity/contract.

16. RISKOFRUMORS:

Rumorsaboutcompaniesattimesfloatinthemarketthroughwordofmouth,newspapers,websites news agencies, etc. The investors should be wary of and should desist from acting onrumors.

or

SystemicRisk:

High volume trading will frequently occur at the market opening and before market close. Such highvolumes may also occur at any point in the day. These may cause delays in order execution orconfirmation. During periods of volatility, on account of market participants continuously modifyingtheir order quantity or prices or placing fresh orders, there may be delays in order execution and itsconfirmations. Undercertain market conditions, it may be difficult orimpossible to liquidate aposition in the market at a reasonable price or at all, when there are no outstanding orders either on the buy side or the sell side, or if trading is halted in a security / contract due to any action on account of unusual trading activity or stock hitting circuit filters or for any other reason.

17. SYSTEM/NETWORKCONGESTION:

Trading on NSE/BSE is in electronic mode, based on satellite/leased line-based communications, combination of technologies and computer systems to place and route orders. Thus, there exists apossibility of communication failure or system problems or slow or delayed response from system ortrading halt, or any such other problem/glitch whereby not being able to establish access to the trading system/network, which may be beyond the control of and may result indelay in processing or not processing buy or sell orders either in part or in full. Clients are cautioned to note that although these problems may be temporary in nature, clients having outstanding open positions or unexecuted orders, these representarisk because of their obligations to settle all executed transactions.

As far as Futures and Options segment and Currency Derivatives Segment are concerned, Client shallgetacquaintedwiththe following additional features:-

Effectof"Leverage"or"Gearing"

The amount of margin is small in relation to the value of the derivatives contract so the transactions are 'leveraged' or 'geared'. Derivatives trading, which is conducted with a relatively small amount of margin, provides the possibility of great profit or loss in comparison with the principal investmentamount. But transactions in derivatives carry a high degree of risk. Therefore, the client should completely understand the following statements before actually trading in derivatives trading and also trade with caution while taking into account one's circumstances, financial resources, etc. If the prices move adversely to the position of the client, then the client may lose apart of or whole margin equivalent to the principal investment amount in a relatively short period of time. Moreover, the loss may exceed the original margin amount.

Futurestradinginvolvesdailymarktomarketsettlementofallpositions. Everydaytheopenpositions are marked to market based on the closing level of the index / F&O Contract / CurrencyDerivativesContract. Basedonthemovementoftheindex/priceofunderlying clientwillberequired to deposit the amount of loss (notional) resulting from such movement. This margin willhave to bepaidwithinastipulated time frame, before commencement of tradingnext day.

Page10of13

If client fails to deposit the additional margin by the deadline or if an outstanding debt occurs inclient's account, "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" may liquidate a part of or the whole position or substitute securities. In this case, Clientwill beliable for any losses incurred due to such close-outs.

Under certain market conditions, an investor may find it difficult or impossible to execute transactions. For example, this situation can occur due to factors such as illiquidity i.e., when there insufficient bids or offers or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers etc.

In order to maintain market stability, the following steps may be adopted: changes in the marginrate, increases in the cash margin rate or others. These new measures mayalso be applied totheexisting open interests. In such conditions, client will berequired toput up additionalmargins or reduce positions. Client must ask "Mukul Amratlal Sonawala" to provide the full details of the derivativescontracts which he / she / it plans to trade i.e., the contract specifications and the associatedobligations.

18. RISKOFOPTIONHOLDERS

- 1. An option holder runs the risk of losing the entire amount paid for the option in a relativelyshort period of time. This risk reflects the nature of an option as a wasting asset which becomesworthless whenitexpires. An optionholderwho neithersellshisoption in thesecondarymarket nor exercises it prior to its expiration will necessarily lose his entire investment in theoption. If the price of the underlying does not change in the anticipated direction before theoption expires to an extent sufficient to cover the cost of the option, the investor may lose all orasignificant part of hisinvestment intheoption.
- 2. The Exchange may impose exercise restrictions and have absolute authority to restrict theexercise of optionsatcertaintimesinspecified circumstances.
- 3. In case of close out, STT applicable for in the money contracts is substantially more than thenormal trading / square off trades. Hence, amongst others, the clients need to monitor theirpositions especially on expiry day and square off they're in the money contracts before the closure of them arket.

19.RISKSOFOPTIONWRITERS

- 1. If the price movement of the underlying is not in the anticipated direction, the option writerruns theriskof losingsubstantialamount.
- 2. The risk of being an option writer may be reduced by the purchase of other options on thesame underlying interest and thereby assuming a spread position or by acquiring other types ofhedging positions in the options markets or other markets. However, even where the writer hasassumedaspreadorotherhedgingposition, the risks may still be significant. As pread position is not necessarily less riskythana simple 'long' or 'short' position.
- 3. Transactions that involve buying and writing multiple options in combination, or buying orwriting options in combination with buying or selling short the underlying interests, present additional risks to investors. Combination transactions, such as option spreads, are more

complex than buying or writing a single option. And it should be further noted that, as in anyarea of investing, a complexity not well understood is, in itself, a risk factor. While this is not tosuggest that combination strategies should not be considered, it is advisable, as is the case withall investments in options, to consult with someone who is experienced and knowledgeable withrespect to the risks and potential rewards of combination transactions under various marketcircumstances.

20.KILL SWITCH

When the Kill switch function is executed, all outstanding orders shall be cancelled. This is to assist you in avoiding taking large positions when trading due to anxiety brought on by greed or fear. If the client is losing money, this feature aids trading discipline and risk management by allowing the client to immediately disable trading in one or more segments, forcing you to stop trading. The kill switch is available at the following levels:

A. **Trading member level:** The trading member level kill switch shall be available to Corporate Manager (User ID) of a trading member. When trading member level kill switch is executed, all outstanding orders of that trading member shall be cancelled.

The salient features of trading member level Kill Switch are:

- Only corporate manager can execute this Kill Switch
- All outstanding orders of all users of that trading member shall be cancelled
- B. **User level:** The User level kill switch functionality shall be available to all users. When user level kill switch is executed, all outstanding orders for that user shall be cancelled.

The salient features of Kill Switch at user level are:

- User Level Kill Switch is available to all users.
- On executing user level Kill Switch, all outstanding orders entered by that user shall be cancelled.

21.CURRENCYSPECIFICRISKS

- 1. The profit or loss in transactions in foreign currency-denominated contracts. Whether theyaretradedin own or anotherjurisdiction, will be affected by fluctuations in currency rates where there is a need to convert from the currency denomination of the contract to another currency.
- 2. Under certain market conditions, Client may find it difficult or impossible to liquidate aposition. This can occur, for example when a currency is deregulated of fixed trading bands are widened.
- 3. Currency prices are highly volatile. Price movements for currencies are influenced by, amongother things: Changing supply-demand relationships; trade, fiscal, monetary, exchange controlprogramsandpoliciesofgovernments; for eignpolitical and economic events and policies; chan ges in national and international interest rates and inflation; currency devaluation and sentiment of the market place. None of these factors can be controlled by any individual advisorand no assurance can be given that an advisor's advice will result in profitable trades for aparticipating customer or that a customer will not incurlosses from such events.

GENERALRISKCOVERAGE: -

The Company should have adequate insurance cover for different types of exposures, including but not limited to fidelity insurance, and replacement of equipment and other business and dataprocessing devices. To reduce the systemic risk, Stock Broker Indemnity Policy of Rs. 5 Lacswhich covers losses on account of trading as well as back-office losses shall be obtained. The

company's risk policies and measurements and reporting methodologies are subject to regular review on annual basis or when there are significant changes to the products, segments, services, or relevant legislation, rules or regulations that might impact the company's risk exposure.

For Mukul Ameatlal Sogawala

Jayant Amrutial Pandya Compliance Officer